

**IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE
PROVISIONAL PATENT APPLICATION**

INVENTOR(S): Abner E. Moreau, Jr.
 415 West 24th Street, #3D
 New York, NY 10011
 US

 Gintas P. Balodis
 50 West 88th, Apt. 9
 New York, NY 10024
 US

BOTH CITIZENS OF THE UNITED STATES

TITLE: **SYSTEMS AND METHODS FOR AUTOMATICALLY
ESTABLISHING MERCHANT ACCOUNTS FOR
TRANSACTION CARD USAGE**

ATTORNEY(S): Joseph H. Paquin, Jr.
 Margaret M. Duncan
 John G. Bisbikis
 Matthew E. Leno
 Stephen T. Scherrer
 Patrick D. Richards
 Gilberto Hernandez
 Joy Ann G. Serauskas (Patent Agent)
 MCDERMOTT, WILL & EMERY
 227 West Monroe Street
 Chicago, IL 60606-5096
 tel. no. (312) 372-2000/fax no. (312) 984-7700

**SYSTEMS AND METHODS FOR AUTOMATICALLY ESTABLISHING
MERCHANT ACCOUNTS FOR TRANSACTION CARD USAGE**

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Cross Reference to Related Applications

The present application claims the benefit of U.S. Provisional Application No. 60/432,776, filed December 11, 2002.

Technical Field

10 Systems and methods are provided for automatically establishing merchant accounts for transaction card usage. More specifically, the systems and methods allow an agent to automatically apply for and automatically receive approval for a merchant to transact commerce with customers who use a transaction card. Moreover, the systems and methods provide real-time information, such as approval or denial notifications and 15 reports to an agent. In addition, the systems and methods provide secure file transfers between an agent and a transaction card issuer/processor.

Background

It is generally known for customers to utilize transaction cards for the purchase of goods and services. The proliferation of transaction cards, which allow cardholders to 20 pay with credit rather than cash, started in the United States in the 1950s. Initial transaction cards were typically restricted to select restaurants and hotels and were often limited to an exclusive class of individuals. Since the introduction of plastic credit cards, the use of transaction cards have rapidly proliferated from the United States to Europe, and then to the rest of the world. Transaction cards are not only information carriers, but 25 also typically allow a consumer to pay for goods and services without the need to constantly possess cash, or if a consumer needs cash, transaction cards allow access to

funds through an automatic teller machine (ATM). Transaction cards also reduce the exposure to the risk of cash loss through theft and reduce the need for currency exchanges when traveling to various foreign countries. Due to the advantages of transaction cards, hundreds of millions of cards are now produced and issued annually.

5 Due to the popularity of transaction cards, numerous companies, banks, airlines, trade groups, sporting teams, clubs and other organizations have developed their own transaction cards. However, with the great quantity of different types of transaction cards that are available for use, merchants must be able to accept the transaction cards for the purchase of goods and/or services. Typically, a merchant must be registered with a
10 transaction card issuer/processor before a consumer can use the transaction card to purchase goods and/or services from the merchant. In addition, a merchant typically needs to have specialized equipment, such as a point-of-sale ("POS") device for recognizing the transaction card and approving the sale of the goods and/or services via the transaction card to the consumer.

15 Typically, merchants are solicited by transaction card issuers/processors and/or their agents to receive the ability to provide transaction card products from transaction card holders. In this situation, the agent of the transaction card issuer/processor will contact a merchant and inquire whether the merchant wishes to receive the ability to offer goods and/or services using the particular transaction card. If a merchant wishes to
20 participate, the agent will prepare an application on behalf of the merchant and submit the same for review by the transaction card issuer/processor. Typical information contained on the application may be information relating to the merchant, such as the merchant's name, address, goods and/or services offered for sale and the like. In addition,

information, such as banking information, credit information, or other like information may typically be required by a transaction card issuer/processor. The application form is then submitted to the transaction card issuer/processor for review and approval or denial of the application.

5 This process typically requires time to fill out the application and submit it to the transaction card issuer/processor. Moreover, the transaction card issuer/processor may require human intervention to physically receive the application, review it, and approve or deny the merchant's application. In addition, time and personnel are required to take an application and transform the data into a usable form by the transaction card
10 issuer/processor. Typically, the transaction card issuer/processor cannot review and approve or deny an application until the data contained on the application is in a form that is usable by the transaction card issuer/processor.

 In many cases, the agents of the transaction card issuer/processor are contracted to sign up as many merchants as possible. Therefore, agents may require certain
15 information from transaction card issuers/processors relating to the merchants that they sign up, such as statistical information relating to their success rate, information relating to merchants that the transaction card issuer/processor has approved or denied, information relating to merchants that the transaction card issuer/processor has cancelled the ability to offer transactions using the transaction card, or other like information. In
20 addition, agents may independently cancel the ability for merchants to offer transactions using the transaction cards if the merchant does not follow the proper rules and regulations. These reports can be cumbersome and difficult to communicate easily to the agents. Moreover, these reports may contain sensitive and/or proprietary information

relating to the agent, the merchant, or the transaction card issuer/processor so security is typically necessary. Currently, unsecured methods of transferring information are used, including mail, e-mail, telephone calls and the like.

In addition, transaction card issuers/processors may provide certain 5 communications and/or correspondence to the agents from time-to-time. These communications and/or correspondence may also be rather cumbersome and difficult to transmit to the agents. Moreover, the communications may be relatively expensive if printing costs are required and if the transmission of these communications are done via mail or private delivery.

10 A need exists, therefore, for systems and methods for establishing merchant accounts for transaction card usage that is quick, efficient and easy to use. Moreover, a need exists for systems and methods for providing secure reporting between the merchants or agents and the transaction card issuer/processor. In addition, a need exists for providing communications and correspondence from the transaction card 15 issuer/processor to agents and merchants that otherwise would be costly and relatively inefficient.

A need further exists for systems and methods that overcome the problems associated with prior systems and methods as described above.

Summary

20 Systems and methods are provided for automatically establishing merchant accounts for transaction card usage. More specifically, the systems and methods allow an agent to automatically apply for and automatically receive approval for a merchant to transact commerce with customers who use a transaction card. Moreover, the systems

and methods provide real-time information, such as approval or denial notifications and reports to an agent. In addition, the systems and methods provide secure file transfers between an agent and a transaction card issuer/processor.

Therefore, systems and methods are provided for automatically establishing 5 merchant accounts for transaction card usage that is quick, efficient, and easy to use. Moreover, systems and methods are provided for allowing a transaction card issuer/processor to receive merchant account applications in a usable form such that the decision to approve or deny the merchant request can be accomplished quickly and without the need for much human intervention or any human intervention. The approval 10 or denial of the merchant account application form can be submitted to the transaction card issuer/processor, and an approval or denial may occur within moments of the submission.

Further, the systems and methods provide reports to merchants and/or agents from the transaction card issuer/processor or vice versa. Information relevant to the merchant 15 or agent may be compiled by the transaction card issuer/processor and quickly and efficiently submitted to the agent from the transaction card issuer/processor.

Moreover, the systems and methods provide secure channels of communication between the agent and the transaction card issuer/processor so that sensitive information may be controlled. In addition, the systems and methods provide automatic and 20 instantaneous communication channels between the transaction card issuer/processor and the agent.

Additional features and advantages of the present invention are described in, and will be apparent from, the detailed description of the presently preferred embodiments and from the drawing.

Brief Description of the Figure

5 FIG. 1 illustrates a system showing a centralized hub for setting up merchant accounts, securely transferring files, reporting and communicating with merchants and/or agents with a transaction card issuer/provider.

Detailed Description of the Presently Preferred Embodiments

10 Systems and methods are provided for automatically establishing merchant accounts for transaction card usage. More specifically, the systems and methods allow an agent to automatically apply for and automatically receive approval for a merchant to transact commerce with customers who use a transaction card. Moreover, the systems and methods provide real-time information, such as approval or denial notifications and reports to an agent. In addition, the systems and methods provide secure file transfers 15 between an agent and a transaction card issuer/processor.

Now referring to the figures, wherein like numerals refer to like parts, FIG. 1 illustrates a system 1 in an embodiment of the present invention. The system 1 comprises a centralized hub 10 having the functionality as described below. The hub 10 may be a website, or any other means for allowing an agent of to contact a transaction card 20 issuer/processor and transfer applications, receive reports, securely transmit sensitive files and receive various other communications from the transaction card issuer/processor.

As noted, an agent may complete an application on behalf of the merchant for submission to the transaction card issuer/processor for review by the transaction card issuer/processor via a merchant account set-up 12. The agent acts as a broker between a transaction card issuer/processor and a merchant that may desire to have the ability to

5 offer transactions for goods and/or services using the transaction card issued by the transaction card issuer/processor. The present invention provides a means for submitting the application whereby the information contained on the application may be automatically transferred to the transaction card issuer/processor in a form that can be used and read by the transaction card issuer/processor. For example, the application may

10 be presented to the transaction card issuer/processor in fields on an electronic application form, whereby the transaction card issuer/processor may automatically extract the information from the fields in a readable form.

The application may require certain information of the merchant that the transaction card issuer/processor may then utilize to determine whether the merchant can

15 offer transactions using the transaction card issued by the transaction card issuer/processor. When an agent completes the application and submits it to the transaction card issuer/processor, the transaction card issuer/processor may receive the information and review the data to determine whether to approve the application. This may be done automatically and approval of the merchant may be accomplished without

20 human intervention. By submitting the application to the transaction card issuer/processor via the central hub 10, the transaction card issuer/processor may approve or deny the application and immediately send a message back to the agent whether the application has been approved or denied.

In addition, the agent may send, at the same time, a batch of a plurality of applications to the transaction card issuer/processor. Once received, the transaction card issuer/processor may automatically approve or deny each application individually and send individual messages back to the agent regarding the approval or denial of each 5 individual application. Alternatively, the transaction card issuer/processor may approve or deny each application and send a single message to the agent relating to the approval or denial of each application.

Preferably, the central hub 10 is a website. However, the central hub may be any system having the functionality as described herein. For example, the central hub 10 may 10 be a dial-in system or otherwise be a site on the Internet or other network whereby the agent may send the application to the transaction card issuer/processor via the Internet.

The transaction card issuer/processor may communicate directly with the agent and provide reports to the agent via the central hub 10. For example, an agent may receive compensation for the number of merchants registered via the application process 15 noted above. The transaction card issuer/processor may keep records of the number of merchants any particular agent has registered, and may further conduct statistical analyses of the records. Reports 14 may be generated by the transaction card issuer/processor that may be immediately communicated to the agent via the central hub 10. Of course, any other information may be contained within the reports as may be 20 apparent to one having ordinary skill in the art.

Moreover, certain files may need to be transferred between the agent and the transaction card issuer/processor. The central hub 10 may include a “secure file transfer” means 16 whereby sensitive information relating to merchants, agents, or the transaction

card issuer/processor may be transferred between the agent and transaction card issuer/processor. For example, an agent may have the ability to cancel the registration of a merchant for any reason. If this happens, the agent typically must inform the transaction card issuer/processor. However, the information that must be communicated to the transaction card issuer/processor relating to the cancellation of a merchant is typically sensitive and should not be made public. In addition, other information, such as banking change information, risk evaluation data and risk assessment upgrades or downgrades may be communicated securely via the present invention. The secure file transfer means 16 may be utilized for this purpose.

Finally, the central hub 10 may allow the transaction card issuer/processor to communicate directly with the agent via a communication means 18. Various communications, such as correspondence, newsletters, operating regulations, updates, alerts, events, and the like may be generated by the transaction card issuer/processor and submitted to the agent via the central hub 10.

It should be noted that various changes and modifications to the presently preferred embodiments described herein will be apparent to those skilled in the art. Such changes and modifications may be made without departing from the spirit and scope of the present invention and without diminishing its attendant advantages. It is, therefore, intended that such changes and modifications be covered by the appended claims.